

Estimadas Familias Nicasio,

Septiembre 13, 2024



¡El otoño se siente en el aire! Con el clima mas fresco hemos notado el aumento en sudaderas abandonadas en el área de juego. Si usted nota que su niño(a) ha perdido una prenda de ropa, pase a la oficina y revise el depósito de objetos perdidos.

La Mesa Directiva de la Escuela Nicasio se reunió ayer (jueves) por la tarde en nuestra biblioteca escolar. La agenda incluyó los acuerdos con los servicios profesionales de desarrollo profesional y consejería, una audiencia pública sobre libros de texto y materiales de instrucción y la aprobación de nuestro presupuesto actual, sin auditar, para el año fiscal 2023-24. Las agendas y documentos relevantes son puestos en nuestra sitio escolar en la red, <https://nicasioschool.org/index.php/school-board/board-meetings>. Si usted se perdió la reunión, no se preocupe... nuestros miembros se reúnen mensualmente y la fecha para la siguiente reunión es el 3 de octubre a las 5pm en la biblioteca. ¡Todos serán bienvenidos!

El próximo miércoles 18 de septiembre tendré la primer Plática con la Directora del ciclo escolar a las 8:30am en la Sala de Usos Múltiples. Ésta es una oportunidad casual para reunirnos, discutir sobre los eventos en un futuro próximo, compartir ideas y responder cualquier pregunta o preocupación que usted pueda tener. Tenemos traducción al español disponible. Acompañenme para tomar una taza de café, comer pastelillos y tener la oportunidad de conectar.

Por último, recuerde nuestro evento especial para celebrar la vida de Kim Wallach. Kim fue un miembro dedicado a la comunidad de la Escuela Nicasio y contribuyó con incontable horas como madre líder, miembro de la Mesa y líder en la Fundación. Muchas de nuestras fabulosas tradiciones en la Escuela Nicasio empezaron mientras los 3 hijos de Kim atedían la escuela. La hija de Kim, Sydney Wallach, está organizando una celebración en la escuela el **sábado 21 de septiembre a la 1 pm**. Todas las familias que atienden la escuela actualmente también están invitadas. Por favor, tome un momento para leer el obituario de Kim incluído en las Huellas del Puma de esta semana.



Kimberly Kirkman Wallach
May 30, 1955 - April 7, 2024

Sinceramente,

Barbara



Reminders

- **Sept 18: Principal's Chat, 8:30 am MPR**
 - **Sept 21: Kim Wallach Celebration of Life, 1:00 pm MPR**
 - **Oct 4: Early Release 1:30 pm**
 - **Oct 17: Field Trip – Pumpkin Patch**
 - **Nov 1: Staff Development – NO SCHOOL**
 - **Nov 11: Veterans' Day Holiday – NO SCHOOL**
-
- **Sept 18: Platica con la Directora, 8:30 am MPR**
 - **Sept 21: Celebracion de vida de Kim Wallach, 1:00 pm MPR**
 - **Oct 4: Salida temprana 1:30 pm**
 - **Oct 17: Excursion Plantio de Calabazas**
 - **Nov 1: Desarrollo Profesional – NO NAY ESCUELA**
 - **Nov 11: Dia de los Veteranos – NO NAY ESCUELA**

Celebrating Patriot Day with a buddy activity
September 11, 2024



REGÍSTRATE AHORA -ANNEMARIE.RUSSO@MARINCOUNTY.CO.V

READING BUDDIES

BIBLIOTECA POINT REYES

¡PROGRAMA DE
ENRIQUECIMIENT
TO
BIBLIOTECARIO
PARA
ESTUDIANTES
DE KÍNDER A
CUARTO GRADO!
¡NUESTRO
OBJETIVO ES
DESPERTAR EL
AMOR POR LA
LECTURA!

a partir del 3 de
septiembre. 3-6 pm.



www.marinlibrary.org

M C MARIN COUNTY
F L FREE LIBRARY

MY CHOICE FOR LEISURE LEARNING LIVING

FOR DISABILITY ACCOMMODATIONS PLEASE PHONE 415-479-3220 (VOICE), CA RELAY 711, OR E-MAIL LIBRARY@MARINCOUNTY.ORG AT LEAST FIVE BUSINESS DAYS IN ADVANCE OF THE EVENT. THE COUNTY WILL DO ITS BEST TO FULFILL REQUESTS RECEIVED WITH LESS THAN FIVE BUSINESS DAYS' NOTICE. COPIES OF DOCUMENTS ARE AVAILABLE IN ALTERNATIVE FORMATS, UPON REQUEST.

Celebrate. Engage. Explore. *The Legacy of Marin City (1942-1960)*



Kids Cooking Workshops: Marin City Legacy

Join us for a special kids cooking workshop at the library, in partnership with Kids Cooking for Life! This exciting event is led by Michelle Bryant, a multi-generational Marin City resident and experienced KCL instructor. Michelle has been cooking with Marin City school district students for several years and will guide participants through a hands-on session as part of our Legacy Marin City series. Together, we'll explore heirloom recipes that celebrate the rich culinary history of Marin City.

Space is limited! Please contact the library to register.

Novato | Sept 14 11:30am to 1:30pm | 415-473-2050
Point Reyes | Sept 21 11:30am to 1:30pm | 415-663-8375
Marin City | Nov 2 11:30am to 1:30pm | 415-332-6158

All Library events are free.

www.marinlibrary.org | www.preservemarincity.org

For disability accommodations please phone 415-473-3220 (Voice), CA Relay 711, or e-mail library@marincounty.org at least **five business days** in advance of the event. The County will do its best to fulfill requests received with less than five business days' notice. Copies of documents are available in alternative formats, upon request.

BUSES AND VANS AND TRUCKS, OH MY!

A Touch-a-Truck Event

hosted by the Bookmobile

Saturday, September 21st
2pm-4pm
Civic Center Lagoon

In celebration of the MCFL Bookmobile's 75th year of service, our mobile library bus is getting together with some of her favorite friends including:



FIRETRUCK



**BAY AREA DISCOVERY MUSEUM
TRY-IT-TRUCK**

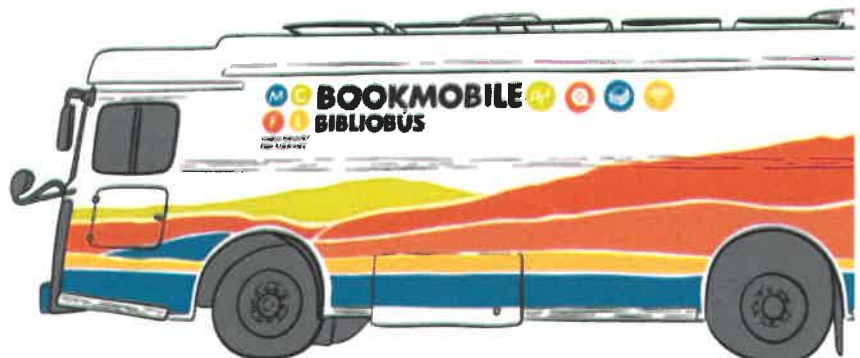


LEARNING BUS



AMBULANCE

Interact with
each one!



More details at marinlibrary.org

**M C MARIN COUNTY
F L FREE LIBRARY**

If you are a person with a disability and require an accommodation to participate in a County program, service, or activity, requests may be made by calling 415-473-4381 (Voice), Dial 711 for CA Relay, or by submitting a [Disability Accommodation Request](#) at least five business days in advance of the event. We will do our best to fulfill requests received with less than five business days' notice. Copies of documents are available in alternative formats upon request.



Estimadas Familias,

La Escuela de Nicasio y la Biblioteca Gratuita del Condado de Marin se están asociando para ampliar el acceso de los estudiantes a libros educativos y entretenidos, ayuda con la tarea, películas y más. Una parte integral de este programa es que cada estudiante obtenga una tarjeta de biblioteca pública.

Los bibliotecarios de la Biblioteca Gratuita del Condado de Marin visitarán su escuela para **proporcionar a cada estudiante de TK al grado 8 una tarjeta de biblioteca. ¡GRATIS!** (Si su hijo ya tiene una tarjeta, ambas pueden utilizarse y funcionarán.)

La Biblioteca Gratuita del Condado de Marin es un lugar para que los niños, las familias y los cuidadores se conecten, aprendan y crezcan juntos.

La investigación en educación indica que:

- Los niños que tienen tarjetas de biblioteca y visitan la biblioteca tienen mejores logros en la escuela;
- El personal de la biblioteca pública ayuda a los estudiantes a aprender cómo hacer búsquedas en Internet apropiadas para su edad y cómo participar en tutorías en línea y usar recursos para ayuda con la tarea usando computadoras gratuitas de acceso público;
- Una tarjeta de biblioteca es el útil escolar más importante.

¡Más buenas noticias! La Biblioteca Gratuita del Condado de Marin no cobra multas por artículos devueltos con retraso. Aún así, debe devolver los artículos a la biblioteca para evitar cargos por reposición. La biblioteca le enviará recordatorios.

Atentamente,

Lana Adlawan
Directora
Biblioteca Gratuita del Condado de Marin

Barbara Snekkevik
Principal/Directora/Superintendent
El Distrito Escolar de Nicasio

BAJA VOLUNTARIA: Si desea **CANCELAR** la tarjeta de biblioteca gratuita de su hijo(a), por favor devuelva este formulario a la oficina de la escuela a más tardar el 30 de agosto de 2024. **SÍ, POR FAVOR CANCELE LA TARJETA DE BIBLIOTECA NUEVA DE MI HIJO(A): 415-663-8375**

Nombre del Estudiante en letra de molde: _____ Grado: _____

Nombre del Padre/Madre en letra de molde: _____ Teléfono: _____

Firma con el Nombre del Padre/Madre: _____



5555 Nicasio Valley Road, Nicasio, CA 94946
☎ 415.662.2184 / 📠 415.662.2250 / www.nicasioschool.org

Dear Parents and Caregivers,

As the new school year kicks off, a reminder that Nicasio School District is partners with the Raising the Bar Campaign, a county- wide initiative dedicated to keeping youth events substance free. Research shows that parents have a significant influence on their children's decisions regarding alcohol. By working together to prevent underage substance use, we can have a direct impact on the health of our local youth and decrease the short and long-term consequences to adolescents, families, and our community as a whole.

Raising the Bar, a Marin Healthy Youth Partnerships program, collaborates with the Marin Prevention Network, Marin County Office of Education, Marin Health and Human Services, schools, local coalitions and youth organizations to shift the norms of substance use and encourage modeling of healthy choices to create a healthier environment for all Marin County youth. We ask that all parents and caregivers abstain from using alcohol, tobacco, marijuana and other substances at youth-focused events, sports competitions and team celebrations. Please join us to ensure the well being of our youth by promoting healthy modeling at all events in person or virtual. For more information, please visit raisingthebarmarin.org.

Sincerely,
Nicasio School District

Estimados padres y cuidadores:

El distrito escolar de Nicasio colabora con la campaña Raising the Bar, una iniciativa de todo el condado dedicada a mantener los eventos juveniles libres de drogas. Las investigaciones muestran que los padres tienen una influencia significativa en las decisiones de sus hijos sobre el alcohol. Trabajando juntos para prevenir el consumo del alcohol en menores, podemos tener un impacto directo en la salud de nuestra juventud local y disminuir las consecuencias de corto y largo plazo para los adolescentes, las familias y nuestra comunidad en su conjunto.

Raising the Bar, un programa de Marin Healthy Youth Partnerships, colabora con la Red de prevención de Marin, la Oficina de Educación del Condado de Marin, Salud y Servicios Humanos del Condado de Marin, escuelas, coaliciones locales y organizaciones juveniles para cambiar las normas de consumo de drogas y fomentar el establecimiento de opciones saludables para crear un ambiente más Salud ble para todos los jóvenes del condado de Marin. Les pedimos a todos los padres y cuidadores que se abstengan del consumo de alcohol, tabaco, marihuana y otras sustancias en eventos centrados en los jóvenes, competencias deportivas y celebraciones de equipos. Participe con nosotros para asegurar el bienestar de nuestra juventud promoviendo un modelo saludable en todos los eventos en persona o virtuales. Para obtener más información, visite raisingthebarmarin.org.

Atentamente,
Distrito escolar de Nicasio

Guarde la fecha



Serie sobre salud mental y bienestar para padres y cuidadores 2024-2025

Otros oradores que se programarán incluyen a la [Dra. Anna Lembke](#),
[La Dra. Madeline Levine](#), y [La Dra. Maryam Abdullah](#).

Envíe un correo electrónico a MCWellness@marinschools.org

O escanee el código QR para obtener actualizaciones



¡Más información próximamente!

- | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|--|
| 26 de agosto
5:30 pm | Hablando claro sobre el triángulo de nicotina, vapeo y cannabis
Laboratorio de alcance de Stanford
<u>Regístrese aquí</u> | 13 de noviembre
6:15 pm | Ayoyando el equilibrio saludable entre tecnología y vida para los jóvenes.
<u>ScreenSense</u> |
| 27 de agosto
5:30 pm | Concientización sobre el envenenamiento por fentanilo: información crítica y recursos de prevención
Laboratorio de alcance de Stanford
<u>Regístrate aquí</u> | 4 de diciembre
7:00 pm | El cerebro adolescente
Hablemos (MHYP)
<u>Regístrese aquí</u> |
| 17 de septiembre
5:00 pm | Más que triste para los padres
AFSP <u>Regístrese aquí</u>
NOTA: El evento es a las 6 p. m. hora de la montaña/5 p. m. hora del Pacífico | 14 y 21 de enero
6:15 pm | Uso seguro de las redes sociales: Capacitación para padres vigilantes
Oficina del Fiscal de Distrito del Condado de Marín |
| 17 de septiembre
6:30 pm | Uso de sustancias y años de escuela secundaria
Empecemos a Hablar (MHYP)
<u>Regístrese aquí</u> | 5 de febrero
7:00 pm | Crianza para apoyar a nuestros adolescentes
Hablemos (MHYP)
<u>Regístrese aquí</u> |
| 24 de septiembre
6:30 pm | El uso de sustancias y los años de la escuela secundaria (español)
Empecemos a Hablar (MHYP)
<u>Regístrese aquí</u> | 27 de febrero
6:15 pm | Los medios de comunicación y las conversaciones difíciles con su hijo
Dra. Marie-Louise Mares |
| 9 de octubre
7:00 pm | Solo dilo: una discusión sobre el vapeo
Hablemos (MHYP)
<u>Regístrate aquí</u> | Marzo
6:00 pm | Criando familias sanas
Serie CIP Marin
<u>Obtenga más información aquí</u> |
| 23 de octubre
6:15 pm | Dormir en la adolescencia: Lo que necesitas saber
Dra. Michelle Jonelis,
Estilo de vida del sueño | 17 de abril
6:15 pm | Hablando con los jóvenes sobre relaciones saludables
Centro para la paz interna |
| | | 7 de mayo
7:00 pm | Salud mental y uso de sustancias en menores de edad
Hablemos (MHYP)
<u>Regístrate aquí</u> |

[Recursos adicionales de redes sociales seguras aquí](#)

MARIN AUDICIONES



Coro de niños de San Francisco

El Coro de niños de San Francisco ofrece una experiencia coral para niños de toda el área de la bahía. El coro inspira a jóvenes líderes, mejora la concentración, desarrolla el trabajo en equipo, fortalece a la comunidad y crea amistades duraderas a través de un entrenamiento vocal de primera clase y oportunidades de actuación.

¿Quién debería presentar su solicitud?

Son elegibles los niños de 5 a 14 años. No se necesita tener experiencia. Los niños en jardín (K) o prejardín de niños (Pre-K) entran automáticamente al coro junior y no necesitan hacer una audición. Los niños que sean aceptados en el coro se ubicarán en un grupo que corresponda a su edad y habilidad.

Ensayos ofrecidos en **San Rafael, San Francisco, Oakland o San Mateo.**

Inscríbese para la audición del 7 de sept.

u obtenga más información: www.sfbc.org/sing

SAN FRANCISCO
BOYS CHORUS



7 de sept

**Lugar de audición y ensayo:
St. Paul's Episcopal Church
1123 Court Street, San Rafael**



(415) 861-7464



auditions@sfbc.org

La aprobación de nuestro volante no implica la aprobación del Distrito de ningún servicio identificado.



V t k V #



Notice of Public Hearing

Nicasio School District
will hold a

PUBLIC HEARING

on the
Sufficiency of Insufficiency
of Instructional Materials

Thursday, Sept 12, 2024
5:00 pm

Nicasio School Library
5555 Nicasio Valley Road
Nicasio, CA

2023 Consumer Confidence Report

Water System Information

Water System Name: **NICASIO SCHOOL #2100582**

Report Date: 06/25/24

Type of Water Source(s) in Use: GROUNDWATER WELL

Name and General Location of Source(s): WELL 01. THE WELL IS LOCATED AT 5555 NICASIO VALLEY RD., NICASIO CA 94946

Drinking Water Source Assessment Information:

Time and Place of Regularly Scheduled Board Meetings for Public Participation:

For More Information, Contact: Mikki McIntyre at 415-662-2184

About This Report

We test the drinking water quality for many constituents as required by state and federal regulations. This report shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 to December 31, 2023 and may include earlier monitoring data.

Importance of This Report Statement in Five Non-English Languages (Spanish, Mandarin, Tagalog, Vietnamese, and Hmong)

Language in Spanish: Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua para beber. Favor de comunicarse Nicasio School 415-662-2184 para asistirlo en español.

Language in Mandarin: 这份报告含有关于您的饮用水的重要讯息。Nicasio School 415-662-2184 以获得中文的帮助:

Language in Tagalog: Ang pag-uulat na ito ay naglalaman ng mahalagang impormasyon tungkol sa inyong inuming tubig. Mangyaring makipag-ugnayan sa Nicasio School 415-662-2184 para matulungan sa wikang Tagalog.

Language in Vietnamese: Báo cáo này chứa thông tin quan trọng về nước uống của bạn. Xin vui lòng liên hệ Nicasio School 415-662-2184 để được hỗ trợ giúp bằng tiếng Việt.

Language in Hmong: Tsab ntwav no muaj cov ntsiab lus tseem ceeb txog koj cov dej haus. Thov hu rau Nicasio School 415-662-2184 rau kev pab hauv lus Askiv.

Terms Used in This Report

Term	Definition
Level 1 Assessment	A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.
Level 2 Assessment	A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an <i>E. coli</i> MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.
Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)	The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHGs (or MCLGs) as is economically and technologically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.
Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)	The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA).
Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)	The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG)	The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.
Primary Drinking Water Standards (PDWS)	MCLs and MRDLs for contaminants that affect health along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements.
Public Health Goal (PHG)	The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.
Regulatory Action Level (AL)	The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.
Secondary Drinking Water Standards (SDWS)	MCLs for contaminants that affect taste, odor, or appearance of the drinking water. Contaminants with SDWSs do not affect the health at the MCL levels.
Treatment Technique (TT)	A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.
Variances and Exemptions	Permissions from the State Water Resources Control Board (State Board) to exceed an MCL or not comply with a treatment technique under certain conditions.
ND	Not detectable at testing limit.
ppm	parts per million or milligrams per liter (mg/L)
ppb	parts per billion or micrograms per liter (µg/L)
ppt	parts per trillion or nanograms per liter (ng/L)
ppq	parts per quadrillion or picogram per liter (pg/L)
pCi/L	picocuries per liter (a measure of radiation)

Sources of Drinking Water and Contaminants that May Be Present in Source Water

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, that can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- Pesticides and herbicides, that may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, agricultural application, and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants, that can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

Regulation of Drinking Water and Bottled Water Quality

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the U.S. EPA and the State Board prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The U.S. Food and Drug Administration

regulations and California law also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that provide the same protection for public health.

About Your Drinking Water Quality

Drinking Water Contaminants Detected

Tables 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 8 list all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the most recent sampling for the constituent. The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. The State Board allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, are more than one year old. Any violation of an AL, MCL, MRDL, or TT is asterisked. Additional information regarding the violation is provided later in this report.

Table 1. Sampling Results Showing the Detection of Coliform Bacteria

Complete if bacteria are detected.

Microbiological Contaminants	Highest No. of Detections	No. of Months in Violation	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source of Bacteria
<i>E. coli</i>	(In the year) 0	0	(a)	0	Human and animal fecal waste

(a) Routine and repeat samples are total coliform-positive and either is *E. coli*-positive or system fails to take repeat samples following *E. coli*-positive routine sample or system fails to analyze total coliform-positive repeat sample for *E. coli*.

Table 2. Sampling Results Showing the Detection of Lead and Copper

Complete if lead or copper is detected in the last sample set.

Lead and Copper	Sample Date	No. of Samples Collected	90 th Percentile Level Detected	No. Sites Exceeding AL	AL	PHG	Typical Source of Contaminant
Lead (ppb)	08/24/23	5	0	0	15	0.2	Internal corrosion of household water plumbing systems; discharges from industrial manufacturers; erosion of natural deposits
Copper (ppm)	08/24/23	5	.26	0	1.3	0.3	Internal corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives

Table 3. Sampling Results for Sodium and Hardness

Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL	PHG (MCLG)	Typical Source of Contaminant
Sodium (ppm)	12/03/09	15	15	None	None	Salt present in the water

						and is generally naturally occurring
Hardness (ppm)	12/03/09	170	170	None	None	Sum of polyvalent cations present in the water, generally magnesium and calcium, and are usually naturally occurring

Table 4. Detection of Contaminants with a Primary Drinking Water Standard

Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL [MRDL]	PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG]	Typical Source of Contaminant
HAA5	12/30/23	90 ug/l	61-90 ug/l	60	N/A	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection
TTHMs	12/07/23	5.3 ug/l	5.3-13 ug/l	80	N/A	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection
Fluoride	12/09/21	.2 mg/l	.2 mg/l	2	1	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Nickel	12/09/21	15 ug/l	15 ug/l	200	12	Erosion of natural deposits; discharge from metal factories
Barium	12/09/21	100 ug/l	100 ug/l	1000	100	Discharges of oil drilling wastes and from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Gross Alpha	09/15/16	.743 pCi/l	.743 pCi/l	15	(0)	Erosion of natural deposits

Table 5. Detection of Contaminants with a Secondary Drinking Water Standard

Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	SMCL	PHG (MCLG)	Typical Source of Contaminant
Iron	04/08/10	36 mg/l	36 mg/l	300 mg/l	N/A	Leaching from natural deposits; industrial wastes
Total Dissolved Solids	01/07/10	160 mg/l	160 mg/l	1000 mg/l	N/A	Run off/ leaching of natural deposits

Table 6. Detection of Unregulated Contaminants

Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	Notification Level	Health Effects
Chloroform	11/03/22	5.27 ug/l	5.27 ug/l	N/A	N/A
Monochloroacetic Acid	11/03/22	5.91 ug/l	5.91 ug/l	N/A	N/A
Trichloroacetic Acid	11/03/22	19.69 ug/l	19.69 ug/l	N/A	N/A
Dichloroacetic Acid	11/03/22	50.04 ug/l	50.04 ug/l	N/A	N/A

Additional General Information on Drinking Water

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the U.S. EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. U.S. EPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Lead-Specific Language: If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Nicasio School is responsible for providing high quality drinking water but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. [Optional: If you do so, you may wish to collect the flushed water and reuse it for another beneficial purpose, such as watering plants.] If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791) or at <http://www.epa.gov/lead>.

Additional Special Language for Nitrate, Arsenic, Lead, Radon, and *Cryptosporidium*: [Enter Additional Information Described in Instructions for SWS CCR Document]

State Revised Total Coliform Rule (RTCR): [Enter Additional Information Described in Instructions for SWS CCR Document]

Summary Information for Violation of a MCL, MRDL, AL, TT, or Monitoring and Reporting Requirement

Table 7. Violation of a MCL, MRDL, AL, TT or Monitoring Reporting Requirement

Violation	Explanation	Duration	Actions Taken to Correct Violation	Health Effects Language
N/A				

For Water Systems Providing Groundwater as a Source of Drinking Water

Table 8. Sampling Results Showing Fecal Indicator-Positive Groundwater Source Samples

Microbiological Contaminants (complete if fecal-indicator detected)	Total No. of Detections	Sample Dates	MCL [MRDL]	PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG]	Typical Source of Contaminant
<i>E. coli</i>	0		0	(0)	Human and animal fecal waste
Enterococci	0		TT	N/A	Human and animal fecal waste
Coliphage	0		TT	N/A	Human and animal fecal waste

Summary Information for Fecal Indicator-Positive Groundwater Source Samples, Uncorrected Significant Deficiencies, or Violation of a Groundwater TT

Special Notice of Fecal Indicator-Positive Groundwater Source Sample: [Enter Special Notice of Fecal Indicator-Positive Groundwater Source Sample] N/A

Special Notice for Uncorrected Significant Deficiencies: [Enter Special Notice for Uncorrected Significant Deficiencies] N/A

Table 9. Violation of Groundwater TT

Violation	Explanation	Duration	Actions Taken to Correct Violation	Health Effects Language
N/A				

For Systems Providing Surface Water as a Source of Drinking Water

Table 10. Sampling Results Showing Treatment of Surface Water Sources

Treatment Technique ^(a) (Type of approved filtration technology used)	N/A
Turbidity Performance Standards ^(b) (that must be met through the water treatment process)	Turbidity of the filtered water must: 1 – Be less than or equal to [Enter Turbidity Performance Standard to Be Less Than or Equal to 95% of Measurements in a Month] NTU in 95% of measurements in a month. 2 – Not exceed [Enter Turbidity Performance Standard Not to Be Exceeded for More Than Eight Consecutive Hours] NTU for more than eight consecutive hours. 3 – Not exceed [Enter Turbidity Performance Standard Not to Be Exceeded at Any Time] NTU at any time.
Lowest monthly percentage of samples that met Turbidity Performance Standard No. 1.	N/A
Highest single turbidity measurement during the year	N/A
Number of violations of any surface water	N/A

treatment requirements	
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- (a) A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.
- (b) Turbidity (measured in NTU) is a measurement of the cloudiness of water and is a good indicator of water quality and filtration performance. Turbidity results which meet performance standards are considered to be in compliance with filtration requirements.

Summary Information for Violation of a Surface Water TT

Table 11. Violation of Surface Water TT

Violation	Explanation	Duration	Actions Taken to Correct Violation	Health Effects Language
N/A				

Summary Information for Operating Under a Variance or Exemption

Summary Information for Revised Total Coliform Rule Level 1 and Level 2 Assessment Requirements

If a water system is required to comply with a Level 1 or Level 2 assessment requirement that is not due to an *E. coli* MCL violation, include the following information below [22 CCR section 64481(n)(1)].

Level 1 or Level 2 Assessment Requirement not Due to an *E. coli* MCL Violation

Coliforms are bacteria that are naturally present in the environment and are used as an indicator that other, potentially harmful, waterborne pathogens may be present or that a potential pathway exists through which contamination may enter the drinking water distribution system. When this occurs, we are required to conduct assessment(s) to identify problems and to correct any problems that were found during these assessments.

Level 2 Assessment Requirement Due to an *E. coli* MCL Violation

E. coli are bacteria whose presence indicates that the water may be contaminated with human or animal wastes. Human pathogens in these wastes can cause short-term effects, such as diarrhea, cramps, nausea, headaches, or other symptoms. They may pose a greater health risk for infants, young children, the elderly, and people with severely compromised immune systems. When this occurs, we are required to conduct assessment(s) identify problems and to correct any problems that were found during these assessments.